# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

(Autonomous)



Structure and Curriculum of Four Year Multidisciplinary Degree (Honors/Research) Programme with Multiple Entry and Exit option

# Under Graduate Programme (III Year) of Computer Science

B. Sc. in Computer Science

**Board of Studies** 

in शिव छत्रपती

Computer Science

Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

(Autonomous)

Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya

[UG III Year]

w.e.f. June, 2025

(In Accordance with NEP-2020)

# **Review Statement**

The NEP Cell reviewed the Curriculum of **B. Sc. (Honors/ Research) in**Computer Science Programme to be effective from the Academic Year 2023
24. It was found that, the structure is as per the NEP-2020 guidelines of Govt. of Maharashtra.

**Date:** 09/08/2023

Place: Latur



# **CERTIFICATE**

I hereby certify that the documents attached are the Bonafide copies of the curriculum of **B. Sc. (Honors/Research) in Computer Science** Programme to be effective from the **Academic Year 2023-24.** 

Date: 14.07.2023

Place: Latur



(Dr. Renuka R Londhe)

Board of Studies in Computer Science Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)



।। आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।।



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

(Autonomous)

# Members of Board of Studies in the Subject Computer Science Under the Faculty of Science and Technology

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	In position
1	Dr Renuka R. Londhe	Chairperson	HoD
	Head, Department of Computer Science,		
	Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya		
	(Autonomous), Latur		
2	Dr. Girish Choudhari	Member	V.C. Nominee
	Professor and Head of Department School of		
2	Computational Sciences, SRTMU, Nanded	) f 1	
3	Dr. Ramesh R. Manza Professor, Department of Computer Science	Member	Academic Council Nominee
	and IT, BAMU, Aurangabad		
4	Dr. Shriram Raut	Member	Academic Council Nominee
•	Associate Professor	Wichioci	Academic Council Ivolimics
	Department of Computer Science, PAHU,		
	Solapur		
5	Dr. Poorna Shankar	Member	Expert from outside for
	Professor, Indira College of Engineering,		Special Course
	Pune		
6	Mr N. D. Jagtap	Member	Expert from Industry
	Technical Trainer OHI-IITC, Muscat Oman		
7	Dr. Santosh Shrikhande	Member	P.G. Alumni
	Assistant Professor, School of Technology, SRTMU Subcenter Latur		
0		914 805	F14 M1
8	Mrs. Suchitra K. Kasbe	Member	Faculty Member
9	Mrs. Pooja S. Laturiya	Member	Faculty Member
10	Mr. Arun S. Shinde	Member	Faculty Member
11	Mrs. Sunita M Jadhav	Member	Faculty Member
12	Dr. Mahesh Wavare	Member	Member from same Faculty

# From the Desk of the Chairperson...

With the tremendous growth of IoT, Data Science, Artificial Intelligence, and Machine Learning technologies over the past ten years, computers have been influencing the future of humanity. Any student taking B.Sc. (Computer Science) program should be able to understand the philosophy, architecture, and mathematics behind the technologies that advance our modern society. The ever-growing discipline of computer science has strong connections to other disciplines. Many problems in science, engineering, health care, business, and other areas can be solved effectively with computers, but finding a solution requires both computer science expertise and knowledge of the particular domain. Computer science has a wide range of specialties. These include Computer Programming, Software Systems, Graphics, Artificial Intelligence, Mathematical and Statistical Analysis, Data Science, Computational Science, and Software Engineering.

A real genuine attempt has been made while designing the new curriculum of four-year B.Sc. (Computer Science) program under NEP-2020 by Board of Studies in Computer Science of Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous) with an aim to develop the core competence in computing and problem solving amongst its graduates. After successful completion of B.Sc. (Computer Science), students can fetch employment directly in companies as programmer, Web Developer, Software Engineer, Network Administrator, Data Scientist, or AI/ML personnel.

The curriculum focuses on building theoretical foundations in Computer Science to enable its students to think critically when challenged with different and new problems. It includes the learner-centric features of NEP-2020 including Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit, Employability, Flexibility to Choose, Multidisciplinary, Research, Advance Courses, etc.

The BoS in Computer Science believe that any student taking B.Sc. (Computer Science) program will get very strong foundation and exposure to basics, advanced and emerging trends of the subject. The curriculum makes it easier to understand the principles of computer science and offers a platform for the development of abilities like programming, networking, and database management. It also emphasizes the ethics of creating and using new technologies by making compelling arguments in favor of secure computing, user privacy protection, and green computing. The curriculum prepares the students for a career in Software industry and also inspires them towards further studies and research opportunities.

We sincerely thank all of the experts who provided their insightful comments and recommendations in order to improve the contents; we have made every effort to take each of them into consideration.

(Dr. Renuka R Londhe)

Board of Studies in Computer Science



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

# (Autonomous)

# Index

Sr. No.	Content	Page No.
1	Structure for Four Year Multidisciplinary UG Programme	1
2	Abbreviations	2
3	Courses and Credits	3
4	UG Program Outcomes	4
5	Programme Specific Outcomes	5
6	Curriculum : Semester-V	
	a) DSC IX:	6
	b) DSC X:	10
	c) DSE – I(a):	15
	DSE – I(b):	
	d) DSM – III :	19
	e) DSM – IV :	13
	f) VSC – III :	22
7	Curriculum : Semester-VI	
	c) DSC-XI:	24
	d) DSC-XII (IKS):	25
	c) DSE – II(a) : or	26
	DSE – II(b):	
	d) DSM – V:	27
	e) VSC – IV:	28
8	Extra Credit Activities	
9	Examination Framework	
	Latur (Autonomous)	<u>'</u>



# Shiv Chhatrapati Shikshan Sanstha's Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

(Autonomous)

# **Faculty of Science and Technology**

Structure for Four Year Multidisciplinary Undergraduate Degree Programme in Computer Science Multiple Entry and Exit (In accordance with NEP-2020)

Year		Мајс	or		GE/	VSC/	AEC/	OJT, FP, CEP,	Credit	Cum./Cr.
& Level	Sem	DSC	DSE	Minor	OE	SEC (VSEC)	VEC	RP	per Sem.	per exit
1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	V	DSC IX:	DSE I:	Minor	NA.	VSC III:	NA	NA.	20	
		04 Cr.	4Cr	III: 04		2 Cr				
		DSC X:		Cr.						
		04 Cr.								
				Minor						88 Cr.
111				IV: 02						UG
III				Cr.						Diploma
5.0	VI	DSC XI:	DSE	Minor	NA.	VSC :IV	NA	Academic	22	
		04 Cr.	II:	V: 04		2 Cr.		Project or		
		DSC XII:	4Cr	Cr.				OJT		
		04 Cr.						04 Cr.		
	Cum.	16	08	08		04		04	42	
	Cr.									

Award of Degree 88+42=130 Cr.



।। आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।।

### **Abbreviations:**

DSC : Discipline Specific Core (Major)
 DSE : Discipline Specific Elective (Major)

3. DSM : Discipline Specific Minor4. GE/OE : Generic/Open Elective

5. VSEC : Vocational Skill and Skill Enhancement Course

6. VSC : Vocational Skill Courses
7. SEC : Skill Enhancement Course
8. AEC : Ability Enhancement Course
9. MIL : Modern Indian Languages
10. IKS : Indian Knowledge System

11. FSRCE: Fostering Social Responsibility & Community Engagement

12. VEC : Value Education Courses

13. OJT : On Job Training14. FP : Field Projects

15. CEP : Community Engagement and Service

16. SSC (CC): Students Services Centre (Co-Curricular Courses)

17. RP : Research Project/Dissertation
18. SES : Shahu Extension Services



।। आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।।



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

(Autonomous)

# **Department of Computer Science**

# **B.Sc.** (Honors/Research) in Computer Science

Year & Level	Semester	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	No. of Hrs.
		(DSC-IX)	Data Science using Python	03	45
		Practical	Laboratory Course- IX	01	30
		(DSC-X)	Software Engineering	03	45
		Practical	Lab Course-X	01	30
	V	VSC-III	Mobile Application Development	02	30
		DSE-I	Digital Image Processing	03	45
			or Internet of Things	<u></u>	
		Practical	Laboratory Course	01	30
III		20			
		(DSC-XI)	Data Base Administration	03	45
		Practical	Laboratory Course- XI	01	30
		(DSC-XII)	Indian Mathematics and Machine Learning	03	45
	VI	Practical	Lab Course XII	01	30
		DSE II	Pattern Recognition or	03	45
		- %	Cloud Computing		
		Practical	Laboratory Course	01	30
			Academic Project	04	
	Total Credits				
	Total Credits (Semester V & VI)				





# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

# (Autonomous)

Faculty of Science & Technology

स्थापना -	Programme Outcomes (POs) for B.Sc. Programme				
PO 1	Disciplinary Knowledge: Comprehensive knowledge of science subjects				
	which constitute the graduate programme and execution of scientific				
	knowledge in the specific area.				
PO 2	Scientific Outlook: The qualities of a science graduate such as observation,				
	precision, analytical mind, logical thinking, clarity of thought and expression				
	and systematic approach.				
PO 3	Self-Directed Life-long Learning: Ability to appear for various competitive				
	examinations or choose the postgraduate programme or other related				
	programme of their choice.				
PO 4	Research Skills: Functional knowledge and applications of instrumentation				
	and laboratory techniques to do independent experiments interpret the results				
	and develop research ethos.				
PO 5	Problem Solving Skills: Analytical and logical skills and critical thinking to				
	extract information from qualitative and quantitative data, formulate and solve				
	problems in a systematic and rational manner.				
PO 6	Professional Competence and Ethics: Aptitude and skills to perform the jobs				
	in diverse fields such as science, engineering, industries, survey, education,				
	banking, development and planning, business, public service, self-business				
	etc. with human rationale and moral values.				



१) आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।। Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya,



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

Progra	Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) for B.Sc. Computer Science					
3	(Honors/Research)					
PSO No.	Upon completion of this programme the students will be able to					
PSO 1	Acquire fundamental knowledge of Computer Science and the ability to apply design principles in developing solutions for problems of varying complexity.					
PSO 2	Develop programming skills to address diverse issues and real-world applications, with a strong understanding of multiple programming languages at different levels.					
PSO 3	Apply sound knowledge of computer application software to design and develop applications for practical problem-solving.					
PSO 4	Demonstrate professional ethics, integrity in the workplace, and awareness of societal impacts arising from computer-based solutions.					
PSO 5	Cultivate independent learning abilities and a lifelong learning mindset.					
PSO 6	Gain inspiration to pursue advanced studies and research in Computer Science.					
PSO 7	Utilize standard Software Engineering practices and strategies in real-time software project development.					
PSO 8	Analyze and solve information-handling problems using acquired knowledge and critical thinking.					
PSO 9	Work effectively both independently on substantial software projects and collaboratively as a productive team member.					



<mark>११ आरोह तससो ज्योतिः।।</mark> Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

# Semester - V



# ।। आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।।



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

#### (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: DSC-IX** 

**Course Title: Data Science Using Python** 

**Course Code:** 

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO 1. To understand the fundamental concepts of data science and the role of Python libraries in handling and visualizing data effectively.
- LO 2. To perform Data Manipulation & Cleaning.
- LO 3. To conduct Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA).
- LO 4. To work with real word data.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1. Describe the data science workflow including data acquisition, cleaning, analysis, modeling & visualization
- CO2. Explain role of Python Libraries.
- CO3. Perform Exploratory Data Analysis.
- CO4. Solve real world problems (sales, forecasting, customer segmentations) by applying data science pipelines

Unit No.	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
I	Introduction to Data Science and Python	10
	Overview of Data Science: Concepts, Applications,	
	and Lifecycle, Python for Data Science: Libraries (NumPy, Pandas,	
	Matplotlib, Seaborn, Data Types, Variables, and Data Structures in	
	Python, Introduction to Jupyter Notebook and IDEs for Data	
	Science.	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Describe the data science workflow including data acquisition,	
	cleaning, analysis, modeling & visualization	
	UO2. Explain role of Python Libraries.	
II	Data Manipulation and Cleaning	10
	Data Wrangling: Handling Missing Data, Duplicates, and	
	Outliers (Autonomous)	
	Data Manipulation with Pandas: Filtering, Sorting,	
	and Aggregation	
	Data Cleaning Techniques: Normalization and Transformation.	
	Working with Different Data Formats: CSV, JSON, Excel.	
	Unit Outcomes:	

Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
UO1. Import, clean & preprocess structured data using Pandas,	
NumPy	
UO2. Extract & analyze data from diverse sources	
Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) and Visualization	12
Descriptive Statistics: Measures of Central Tendency and	
Dispersion.	
Data Visualization: Line Plots, Bar Charts, Histograms, Scatter	
Plots.	
Advanced Visualization: Heatmaps, Boxplots, and Pairplots.	
Case Studies: EDA on Real- <mark>Worl</mark> d Datasets.	
Unit Outcomes:	
UO1. Perform Exploratory Data Analysis using Statistical methods	
UO2. Perform Exploratory Data Analysis using visualization	
Introduction to Machine Learning and Applications	13
Basics of Machine Learning: Supervised vs. Unsupervised	
Learning.	
Introduction to Scikit-learn: Building and Evaluating Models.	
Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, and Clustering.	
Case Study: Predictive Modeling with Python.	
Unit Outcomes:	
UO1. Build Train & Evaluate Machine Learning Models	
UO2. Optimize Models by tuning hyper parameters	
	UO1. Import, clean & preprocess structured data using Pandas, NumPy UO2. Extract & analyze data from diverse sources  Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) and Visualization Descriptive Statistics: Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion. Data Visualization: Line Plots, Bar Charts, Histograms, Scatter Plots. Advanced Visualization: Heatmaps, Boxplots, and Pairplots. Case Studies: EDA on Real-World Datasets. Unit Outcomes: UO1. Perform Exploratory Data Analysis using Statistical methods UO2. Perform Exploratory Data Analysis using visualization Introduction to Machine Learning and Applications Basics of Machine Learning: Supervised vs. Unsupervised Learning. Introduction to Scikit-learn: Building and Evaluating Models. Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, and Clustering. Case Study: Predictive Modeling with Python. Unit Outcomes: UO1. Build Train & Evaluate Machine Learning Models

# **Learning Resources:**

- 1. Data Science from Scratch Joel Grus
- 2. Python for Data Analysis Wes McKinney (Pandas-focused).
- 3. Data Wrangling with Python Jacqueline Kazil & Katharine Jarmul
- 4. Pandas Cookbook Theodore Petrou
- 5. Python Data Science Handbook Jake VanderPlas (Matplotlib/Seaborn focus).
- 6. Practical Statistics for Data Scientists Peter Bruce & Andrew Bruce
- 7. Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow Aurélien Géron
- 8. Python Machine Learning Sebastian Raschka & Vahid Mirjalili
- 9. Introduction to Statistical Learning Gareth James et al. (free PDF available)



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

#### (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: Laboratory Course-IX** 

**Course Title: Lab Course –IX** 

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO 1. To understand the fundamental concepts of data science and the role of Python libraries in handling and visualizing data effectively.
- LO 2. To perform Data Manipulation & Cleaning
- LO 3. To conduct Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)
- LO 4. To work with real word data

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, the student will be able to-

- CO1. Describe the data science workflow including data acquisition, cleaning, analysis, modeling & visualization
- CO2. Explain role of Python Libraries.
- CO3. Perform Exploratory Data Analysis.
- CO4. Solve real world problems (sales, forecasting, customer segmentations) by applying data science pipelines

Practical	Contents		
No.			
1	Exploring Python Libraries for Data Science		
	Task: Use NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, and Seaborn to perform basic operations,		
	plot graphs, and summarize data.		
2	Working with Jupyter Notebooks		
	Task: Set up and experiment with Jupyter Notebook. Explore Markdown, cell		
	execution, and error handling.		
3	Handling Missing Data		
	Task: Use Pandas to identify and handle missing values in a dataset (e.g.,		
	imputation, dropping).		
4 Removing Duplicates and Outliers			
	Task: Identify and remove duplicates and outliers in a dataset using statistical		
	methods or visualization.		
5	Data Normalization and Transformation		
	Task: Normalize or transform variables (e.g., log, scaling) in a dataset.		
6	Working with Data Formats		
	Task: Load and manipulate data from CSV, JSON, and Excel formats using		
	Pandas.		

7	Descriptive Statistics
	Task: Calculate measures of central tendency (mean, median, mode) and
	dispersion (variance, standard deviation) for a dataset.
8	Visualizing Data Trends
	Task: Use line plots, bar charts, and scatter plots to visualize trends and
	relationships in data.
9	Creating Advanced Visualizations
	Task: Generate heatmaps, boxplots, and pairplots to explore data distribution and
	relationships.
10	Case Study on Real-World Dataset
	Task: Perform EDA on a real-world dataset (e.g., a Kaggle dataset) and present
	findings.
11	Linear Regression Modeling
	Task: Build and evaluate a simple linear regression model using Scikit-learn.
12	Logistic Regression for Classification
	Task: Implement logistic regression on a dataset (e.g., Titanic dataset) to classify
	data points.
13	Clustering with k-Means
	Task: Perform k-means clustering on a dataset to group similar data points.
14	Model Evaluation Metrics
	Task: Use evaluation metrics (e.g., accuracy, precision, recall, F1 score) to assess
	model performance.
15	Predictive Modeling Case Study
	Task: Create and evaluate a predictive model (e.g., predicting house prices or
	customer churn).
16	Feature Engineering and Selection
	Task: Experiment with feature engineering techniques like one-hot encoding and
	feature scaling.



शि आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।। Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)



Course Title: Software Engineering

# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

#### (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

Course Code:	<u></u>	
Credits: 03	Max. Marks: 75	Lectures: 45 Hrs.

# **Learning Objectives:**

- LO 1. To impart the knowledge on the Software Engineering Principles, Applications and Process models.
- LO 2. To help the students to learn the Requirement Engineering Process.
- LO 3. To create awareness on the basic activities of software project management.
- LO 4. To provide the idea of decomposing the given problem into Analysis, Design, implementation, Testing and Maintenance phases.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, the student will be able to-

- CO 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the key facts, concepts, principles, and theories of software engineering.
- CO 2. Analyze the effective software engineering process, based on knowledge of widely used development lifecycle models.
- CO 3. Choose appropriate process model depending on the user requirements.
- CO 4. Perform various life cycle activities like Analysis, Design, Implementation, Testing and Maintenance.

Unit No.	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.		
I	Introduction and Software Metrics	10		
	Software, Software Characteristics, Software Components, Software			
	Applications, Software: A Crisis on The Horizon, The Software Process,			
	Software Process Models: The Linear Sequential Model, The Prototyping			
	Model, Evolutionary Software Process Models: The Incremental Model,			
	The Spiral Model, Agile Software Development: Agile Process and its			
	Importance, Extreme Programming, Adaptive Software Development,			
	Scrum, Dynamic Systems Development Method (DSDM), Software			
	Project Management: People, The Problem, The Process Measures,			
	Metrics, Indicators, Software Measurement: Size -Oriented Metrics,			
	Function-Oriented Metrics.			
	Unit Outcomes:			
	UO1. Select the relevant software solution for the given problem with			
	justification			
	UO2. Suggest the relevant activities in Agile Development Process in			
	the given situation with justification			

II	Software Project Planning and Risk Management	12
	Requirement Engineering: Requirement Gathering and Analysis, Types	
	of Requirements, Software Requirement Specification: Need of SRS,	
	Format and its Characteristics, Project Planning Objectives, Software	
	Scope, Resources, Software Project Estimation, Empirical Estimation	
	Models: The Structure of Estimation Models, COCOMO Model, The	
	Software Equation, Software Risks, Risk Identification: Product Size,	
	Business Impact, Customer Characteristics, Process Definition,	
	Development Environment, Technology to Be Built, Staff Size and	
	Experience, RMMM Plan, Software Scheduling: Timeline Chart,	
	Tracking the Schedule, The Project Plan.	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Prepare SRS for the given problem	
	UO2. Evaluate the size of the given software using COCOMO Model	
	UO3. Apply the RMMM strategy in identified risks for the given software	
	development problem	
	UO4 Prepare the timeline chart/Gantt chart to track progress of the	
	given project	
	C - P4   C   1'4   A   C -   P' -   A' -   M -   A'	
III	Software Quality Assurance and Configuration Management	12
111	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of	12
111	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review	12
III	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO	12
111	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline,	12
111	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.	12
111	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:	12
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity	12
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard	
IV	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard Types and Levels of Testing	11
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard Types and Levels of Testing  White Box Testing, Black Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Unit Testing,	
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard Types and Levels of Testing  White Box Testing, Black Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Testing web application: Performance Testing, Load	
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard Types and Levels of Testing  White Box Testing, Black Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Testing web application: Performance Testing, Load Testing, Stress Testing, Security Testing, Client-Server Testing,	
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard Types and Levels of Testing  White Box Testing, Black Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Testing web application: Performance Testing, Load Testing, Stress Testing, Security Testing, Client-Server Testing, Acceptance Testing: Alpha Testing, Beta Testing, GUI testing,	
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard Types and Levels of Testing  White Box Testing, Black Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Testing web application: Performance Testing, Load Testing, Stress Testing, Security Testing, Client-Server Testing, Acceptance Testing: Alpha Testing, Beta Testing, GUI testing, Regression testing, Manual testing, Automated testing.	
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  U01. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard Types and Levels of Testing  White Box Testing, Black Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Testing web application: Performance Testing, Load Testing, Stress Testing, Security Testing, Client-Server Testing, Acceptance Testing: Alpha Testing, Beta Testing, GUI testing, Regression testing, Manual testing, Automated testing.  Unit Outcomes:	
	Quality Concepts: Quality, Quality Control, Quality Assurance, Cost of Quality, Formal Technical Reviews: The Review Meeting, Review Reporting and Record Keeping, Review Guidelines, SQA Plan, The ISO 9000 Quality Standards, Software Configuration Management: Baseline, Software Configuration Items, The Design Process.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Describe the given Software Quality Assurance (SQA) activity UO2. Describe features of the given software quality evaluation Standard Types and Levels of Testing  White Box Testing, Black Box Testing, Levels of Testing, Unit Testing, Integration Testing, Testing web application: Performance Testing, Load Testing, Stress Testing, Security Testing, Client-Server Testing, Acceptance Testing: Alpha Testing, Beta Testing, GUI testing, Regression testing, Manual testing, Automated testing.	

#### **Learning Resources:**

- 1. Software Engineering A Practitioner's Approach Fourth Edition, Roger S.Pressman, Ph.D.
- 2. Software Engineering A Practitioner's Approach Seventh Edition, Roger S.Pressman, Ph.D.
- 3. Software Engineering Concepts by Fairly, Richard McGraw Hill Education New Delhi
- 4. Software Engineering Principles and Practices by Jain, Deepak Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 5. Yogesh Singh, "Software Testing", Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 6. Software Testing: Principles and Practices, Srinivasan Desikan, Gopalswamy Ramesh, Pearson Publisher
- 7. Software Testing: Principles, Techniques and Tools, Limaye M. G. Tata McCraw Hill Education, New Delhi
- 8. Software Testing: Principles and Practices, Naresh Chauhan, Oxford University
- 9. Carl Cocchiaro, Selenium Framework Design in Data-Driven Testing, 2018, Packt Publishing.





# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

#### (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: Laboratory Course-X** 

Course Title: Lab Course-X

**Course Code:** 

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

# **Learning Objectives:**

- LO 1. To impart the knowledge on the Software Engineering Principles, Applications and Process models.
- LO 2. To help the students to learn the Requirement Engineering Process.
- LO 3. To create awareness on the basic activities of software project management.
- LO 4. To provide the idea of decomposing the given problem into Analysis, Design, implementation, Testing and Maintenance phases.
- LO 5. To gain the knowledge of how Analysis, Design, Implementation, Testing and Maintenance processes are conducted in a software project.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, the student will be able to-

- CO 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the key facts, concepts, principles, and theories of software engineering.
- CO 2. Analyze the effective software engineering process, based on knowledge of widely used development lifecycle models.
- CO 3. Choose appropriate process model depending on the user requirements.
- CO 4. Perform various life cycle activities like Analysis, Design, Implementation, Testing and Maintenance.
- CO 5. Apply the knowledge, techniques, and skills in the development of a software product.

Practical	Contents
No.	
1	Investigation of Software Characteristics and Components in an Open-Source Text
	Editor
2	Comparative Analysis of Linear Sequential, Prototyping, Incremental, and Spiral
	Models in Software Development
	Procedure:
3	Simulating Software Project Management: Roles, Risks, Processes, and Metrics
4	Evaluation and Comparison of Size-Oriented and Function-Oriented Metrics in an
	Open-Source Software Project
5	Comparative Analysis of Empirical Estimation Models in Software Project
	Planning.
6	Risk Identification and Management in Software Projects: A Case Study Approach.

7	Effective Software Scheduling and Timeline Management Using Gantt Charts
8	Defining Software Project Scope and Efficient Resource Allocation.
9	Analyzing Software Quality Assurance and Cost of Quality in Open-Source Projects
10	Implementation and Analysis of Formal Technical Reviews in Software Projects
11	Implementing Software Configuration Management Practices in Open-Source
	Projects
12	Developing and Implementing an SQA Plan Based on ISO 9000 Quality Standards
13	Study of testing tool WinRunner
14	Study of web testing tool Selenium
15	Study of bug tracking tool Bugzilla





# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

#### (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: VSC III** 

**Course Title: Mobile Application Development** 

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 02 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

# **Learning Objectives:**

- LO1. To explain Android architecture, versions, and development environment.
- LO2. To set up and configure Android Studio for app development.
- LO3. To manage Activity lifecycle and navigation between screens.
- LO4. To design simple UIs using XML layouts.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, students will be able to-

- CO1. Demonstrate understanding of Android architecture and development
- CO2 Design and implement user interfaces using appropriate layouts and components
- CO3 Develop applications with proper activity lifecycle management and navigation
- CO4 Integrate external data sources through REST APIs
- CO5 Build complete, functional Android applications with multiple feature debug, test, and optimize Android applications

Unit No.	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
I	Introduction to Android and Development Setup	15
	Introduction to Android Android History Android Features and Versions Architecture of Android Various IDE for Android Installing Android Studio Creating First Hello App Basic UI: Views (TextView, Button, EditText) & Layouts (Linear, Relative, Constraint) Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Understand how Android Application interact with the system UO 2. Create and Run a Simple "Hello World" Android App	
П	Activities, Intents and Knowing user Interface	10

	Activity Concept	
	Activity life cycle	
	Concept of Intent	
	Linking two Activities	
	View and View Groups	
	Layouts (Constraint Layout, Linear, Grid, Frame, Relative, Table)	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Describe the Activity Lifecycle and how to manage state changes	
	UO 2. Design User interface using various Layouts	
П	Android Desing User Interface	10
	Text View	
	Edit Text	
	Button	
	Radio Group	
	Checkbox	
	List View	
	Image View	
	Progress Bar.	
	Unit Outcome:	
	UO 1. Memorize the basics of CSS & its syntax	
	UO 2. Apply the styles of CSS to create web pages	
IV	Practical	10
	Development of App Using Android	
	Examples:	
	Stopwatch/ Timer App	
	Simple Notes App	
	Weather App	
	Login And Registration	
	QR code Scanner App	
	Music Player App	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Develop and deploy App	
	1 1 / 11	

१) आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।। Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)

#### **Learning Resources:**

- 1. Professional Android 4 Application Development, Edition 3 by Reto Meier, Wrox Publication
- 2. Beginning Android 4 Application Development, Edition illustrated by Wei-Meng Lee, John Wiley & Sons, Wrox Publication
- 3. Learning Android by Marko Gargenta, OREILLY
- 4. Android Black Book
- 5. https://developer.android.com/courses
- 6. https://www.udemy.com/topic/android-development
- 7. <a href="https://online.codingblocks.com/courses/android-app-training-online">https://online.codingblocks.com/courses/android-app-training-online</a>
- 8. <a href="https://trainings.internshala.com/android-course/">https://trainings.internshala.com/android-course/</a>





# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

# (Autonomous)

#### **Department of Computer Science**

Course	Type:	DSE I

**Course Title: Digital Image Processing** 

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO 1. To define digital images and explain how they differ from analog images.
- LO 2. To understand the fundamentals of digital image processing (DIP) and its significance.
- LO 3. To identify real-world applications of image processing in fields like medicine, robotics, and AI.
- LO 4. To use MATLAB for basic image operations.
- LO 5. To perform Image processing.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of this course, students will be able to

- CO 1. Understand core concepts of digital image processing.
- CO 2. Implement image processing techniques using MATLAB
- CO 3. Analyze the impact of different algorithms on image quality
- CO 4. Develop practical solutions for real-world image processing tasks.
- CO 5. Evaluate the performance of segmentation and enhancement methods

Unit No.	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
I	Introduction to Digital Image Processing	15
	What is Digital Image?	
	What is Digital Image Processing?	
	Applications of Image Processing	
	Fundamental steps in DIP	
	Image Representation: Pixels, Channels, and Color Models (RGB,	
	Grayscale, HSV)	
	Introduction to MATLAB: Data Classes, Image Types, Data Class	
	conversion, Operators in MATLAB, Image Arithmetic, Control	
	statements, Function creation,.	
	Reading, writing and displaying images in MATLAB.	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Demonstrate the ability to load and manipulate images in Matlab	
	UO 2. Implement basic image I/O operations programmatically	
II	Image Fundamentals and Basic Operations	10
	Image Properties: Resolution, Bit Depth, and File Formats	
	Basic Image Manipulations: Cropping, Resizing, Rotation, and	
	Flipping	
	Arithmetic and Logical Operations on Images	

Unit No.	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
	Blending and Overlaying Images	
	Handling Different Color Spaces and Conversions	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Modify images using geometric transformations	
	UO 2. Apply arithmetic operations to enhance or combine images	
III	Image Enhancement Techniques	10
	Point Processing: Brightness, Contrast, and Negative	
	Transformations	
	Histogram Processing:	
	Histogram Equalization	
	Adaptive Histogram Equalization (CLAHE)	
	Spatial Filtering:	
	Smoothing Filters (Averaging, Gaussian, Median)	
	Sharpening Filters (Laplacian, Sobel, Prewitt)	
	Frequency Domain Filtering (Introduction to Fourier Transform)	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Apply point processing techniques (brightness, contrast,	
	negative tra <mark>nsf</mark> ormat <mark>ions).</mark>	
	UO 2. Implement spatial filtering for noise reduction (Gaussian,	
	Median) a <mark>nd edge sharpening (Sobel, Laplac</mark> ian).	
IV	Image Segmentation	10
	Thresholding Techniques:	
	Global vs. Adaptive Thresholding	
	Otsu's Method	
	Edge Detection:	
	Canny Edge Detector	
	Sobel and Prewitt Operators	
	Region-Based Segmentation:	
	Watershed Algorithm	
	Contour Detection	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Detect edges using Canny, Sobel, and Prewitt operators.	
	UO 2. Implement region-based segmentation (watershed algorithm,	
	contour detection).	

# **Learning Resources:**

- 1. Digital Image Processing Rafael C. Gonzalez & Richard E. Wood
- 2. Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications" Richard Szeliski (Free PDF)
- 3. Digital Image Processing using MATLAB- Rafael C. Gonzalez & Richard E. Wood
- 4. https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/d6/d00/tutorial\_py\_root.html





# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

# (Autonomous)

#### **Department of Computer Science**

Course Type: Lab Course

**Course Title: Lab Course – (DSE)** 

**Course Code:** 

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO 1. To define digital images and explain how they differ from analog images.
- LO 2. To understand the fundamentals of digital image processing (DIP) and its significance.
- LO 3. To identify real-world applications of image processing in fields like medicine, robotics, and AI.
- LO 4. To use Python libraries (OpenCV, PIL, scikit-image, Matplotlib, NumPy) for basic image operations.
- LO 5. To perform Image processing.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of this course, students will be able to

- CO 1. Understand core concepts of digital image processing.
- CO 2. Implement image processing techniques using Python
- CO 3. Analyze the impact of different algorithms on image quality
- CO 4. Develop practical solutions for real-world image processing tasks.
- CO 5. Evaluate the performance of segmentation and enhancement methods

Practical	Unit
No.	
1	Read, write and display images in MATLAB.
2	Convert an RGB image to Grayscale and HSV, then display each channel separately.
3	Access and modify pixel values (e.g., invert colors, set a region to black).
4	Write a script to print an image's resolution, bit depth, and file size
5	Crop, resize (with interpolation), rotate (45°), and flip (vertically/horizontally) an image.
6	Programs on image arithmetics.
7	Programs on intensity transformation.
8	Programs on spatial filtering.
9	Programs on filtering in frequency domain.
10	Convert an image from RGB to YCrCb and extract luminance (Y) channel.
11	Apply global histogram equalization and CLAHE to a low-contrast image.
12	Programs on image segmentation.
13	Frequency Domain (Optional): Perform Fourier Transform and visualize the spectrum (using np.fft).
14	Apply global thresholding vs. Otsu's method to a grayscale image.
15	Detect edges using Canny, Sobel, and Prewitt operators; compare results.
16	Separate overlapping objects (e.g., coins) using marker-based watershed.



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

#### (Autonomous)

# **Department of Computer Science**

**Course Type: DSE II** 

**Course Title: Internet of Things** 

**Course Code:** 

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO 1. To introduce the concepts of Internet of Things.
- LO 2. To impart the knowledge on IoT application areas.
- LO 3. To introduce the IoT business process models, design technology for Connected Devices.
- LO 4. To enable the students, learn the effective usage of device connectivity and web connectivity models

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of this course, students will be able to

- CO 1. Demonstrate the need of IoT in the computing world.
- CO 2. Identify the Business Process models of IoT.
- CO 3. Analyze the data storage and acquisition mechanisms for real time applications.
- CO 4. Design IoT based prototypes

Unit No.	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
I	Introduction Internet of Things	10
	Definition and characteristics of IoT. Sensing, Actuation,	
	Networking basics, Sensor Network. Physical Design of IoT, Things	
	in IoT, IoT Protocols Logical Design of IoT- IoT functional blocks,	
	IoT communication models, IoT enabling Technologies-Wireless	
	sensor networks, cloud computing, big data analytics,	
	communication protocols, embedded systems IoT Levels and	
	deployment templates- IoT Level1 to IoT Level6.	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Describe the concept of IoT its characteristics& components.	
	UO 2. Learn about networking basics in the context of IoT, and their	
	use in connecting IoT devices.	
II	Domain Specific IoTs and IOT vs M2M	10
	Introduction:	
	Home automation- Smart lighting, smart appliances, intrusion	
	detection, smoke or gas detectors	
	Cities-Smart parking, smart lighting, smart roads, structural help	
	monitoring, surveillance, emergency response	
	<b>Environment-</b> Weather monitoring, Air pollution monitoring, forest	
	fire detection, river flood detection	

Unit No.	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
	Retail- Inventory management, smart payments, smart vending	
	machines Logistics- Route generation and scheduling, fleet tracking,	
	ship monitoring, remote vehicle diagnostic	
	Agriculture- smart irrigation, greenhouse control Industry- machine	
	diagnostic, prognosis, indoor air quality monitoring Health and	
	Lifestyle.	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Describe different applications of IoT in home automation.	
	UO 2. Learn about the role of IoT in environmental monitoring	
	applications	15
III	IoT Design Methodology	15
	Purpose and requirement specification, Process specification,	
	Domain model specification Information model specification,	
	Service specification, IoT level specification, Functional View	
	specification, Operational View specification Device and component	
	integration, Application Development with Python, Case Study on IoT System for weather monitoring.	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Define the purpose and requirements of an IoT system, and use appropriate methods and tools to elicit, analyze, validate,	
	and document them.	
	UO 2. To identify the domain entities and relationships of an IoT	
	system, and use appropriate methods and tools to model,	
	verify, and refine the domain model.	
IV	Developing IoT Solutions.	10
	What is an IoT Device? Raspberry Pi Interfaces, Programming	-
	Raspberry Pi with Python, Other IoT Devices, IoT Physical Servers	
	on Cloud Offering, Amazon Web Services for IoT	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO 1. Use Raspberry Pi as an IoT device, and interface it with	
	various sensors, actuators, and peripherals using GPIO pins	
	I2C, SPI, UART, etc.	
	UO 2. Understand and use various cloud services and platforms to	
	host IoT physical servers.	

# **Learning Resources:**

- 1. Internet of Things (A hands on approach) Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bagha
- 2. Designing the Internet of Things Adrian McEwen & Hakim Cassimally.
- 3. Rethinking the Internet of Things A scalable approach to connecting everything Francis Dacosta.



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

(Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: Lab Course** 

**Course Title: Lab Course -VIII (Based on Major DSE)** 

**Course Code:** 

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

#### **Learning Objectives:**

LO 1. To introduce the concepts of Internet of Things.

LO 2. To impart the knowledge on IoT application areas.

- LO 3. To introduce the IoT business process models, design technology for Connected Devices.
- LO 4. To enable the students, learn the effective usage of device connectivity and web connectivity models

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of this course, students will be able to

- CO 1. Demonstrate the need of IoT in the computing world.
- CO 2. Identify the Business Process models of IoT.
- CO 3. Analyze the data storage and acquisition mechanisms for real time applications.
- CO 4. Design IoT based prototypes.

Practical	Unit
No.	
1	Install Virtual box and Raspberry Pi to perform actions of Raspberry Pi.
2	Starting Raspbian OS, familiarizing with raspberry pi components and Interface,
	connecting to ethernet, monitor, USB.
3	Using Desktop /Laptop Screen to view contents of Raspberry Pi Device
4	Displaying different LED patterns with Raspberry Pi.
5	Displaying Time over 4-Digit 7-Segment Display using Raspberry Pi.
6	Control Raspberry Pi via Telegram Messenger.
7	Setting up Wireless Access Point using Raspberry Pi.
8	Fingerprint Sensor interfacing with Raspberry Pi.
9	GPS Module Interfacing with Raspberry Pi.
10	IoT based Web Controlled Home Automation using Raspberry Pi
11	RFID interfacing with Raspberry Pi.

# Semester - VI



।। आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।।



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

#### (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: DSC-XI** 

**Course Title: Data Base Administration** 

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO1. To explain the roles and responsibilities of a Database Administrator
- LO2. To perform database installations, configurations, and implement backup and recovery strategies.
- LO3. To optimize database performance through indexing, query optimization, and performance monitoring.
- LO4. To assess emerging trends such as cloud computing, distributed databases, and blockchain databases for real-world applications.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of course, the student will be able to-

- CO1. Gain comprehensive knowledge of database administration principles, architectures, and types of databases.
- CO2. Demonstrate practical skills in database installation, configuration, maintenance, security, and performance optimization.
- CO3. Utilize advanced database management techniques to design, secure, and troubleshoot database systems effectively
- CO4. Analyze emerging trends and technologies in database management.

Unit No.	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
I	Database Administration Basics	12
	Introduction to Database Administration	
	Roles and Responsibilities of a Database Administrator (DBA)	
	Database Architecture and Components	
	Types of Databases: Relational, NoSQL, and Cloud Databases	
	Overview of Database Management Tools	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Explain the roles and responsibilities of a DBA in various database	
	environments.	
	UO2. Analyze database management tools to enhance efficiency and	
	performance.	

II	Installation, Configuration, and Maintenance	12
	Installing and Configuring Database Management Systems (DBMS)	
	Database Instances and Storage Structures	
	Backup and Recovery Strategies	
	Database Security Essentials	
	Performance Monitoring and Optimization	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Implement database installation, configuration, and storage	
	structures.	
	UO2. Evaluate security essentials and backup strategies for effective	
	database maintenance.	
III	Advanced Database Management	10
	Managing User Roles and Permissions	
	Indexing and Query Optimization Techniques	
	Implementing Replication and Clustering	
	Monitoring Logs and Troubleshooting Database Issues	
	Data Migration: Strategies and Best Practices	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Design advanced database setups using replication and clustering	
	techniques.	
	UO2. Diagnose and resolve database issues using monitoring and	
	troubleshooting tools.	
IV	Unit 4: Emerging Trends and Case Studies	11
	Database Solutions in Cloud Computing	
	Introduction to Big Data and Analytics	
	Overview of Distributed Databases and Blockchain Databases	
	Case Studies: Real-world Database Administration Scenarios	
	Future Trends in Database Administration	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Assess distributed databases and blockchain databases for emerging	
	use cases.	
	UO2. Create practical solutions for database challenges using real-world	
	case studies.	

# **Learning Resources:**

- 1. **Database System Concepts** by Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, and S. Sudarshan
- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems by Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe
- 2. Database Administration: The Complete Guide to Practices and Procedures by Craig S. Mullins
- 3. SQL Performance Explained by Markus Winand
- 4. **High Performance MySQL** by Baron Schwartz, Peter Zaitsev, and Vadim Tkachenko
- 5. Seven Databases in Seven Weeks by Eric Redmond and Jim R. Wilson
- 6. **Pro SQL Server Administration** by Peter Carter



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

#### (Autonomous)

# **Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science**

**Course Type: Laboratory Course-VII** 

**Course Title: Lab Course-VII** 

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO1. To explain the roles and responsibilities of a Database Administrator
- LO2. To perform database installations, configurations, and implement backup and recovery strategies.
- LO3. To optimize database performance through indexing, query optimization, and performance monitoring.
- LO4. To assess emerging trends such as cloud computing, distributed databases, and blockchain databases for real-world applications.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of course, the student will be able to-

- CO1. Gain comprehensive knowledge of database administration principles, architectures, and types of databases.
- CO2. Demonstrate practical skills in database installation, configuration, maintenance, security, and performance optimization.
- CO3. Utilize advanced database management techniques to design, secure, and troubleshoot database systems effectively
- CO4. Analyze emerging trends and technologies in database management.

Practical	Contents	
No.		
1	Installing a DBMS: Install PostgreSQL or MySQL.	
	Tools Required: PostgreSQL, MySQL installer.	
2	Configuring Database Instances: Set up storage structures and configure an	
	instance.	
	Configuring Database Instances: Set up storage structures and configure an	
	instance.	
3	Backup and Recovery: Demonstrate a backup strategy and simulate recovery.	
3	Tools: Export/ Import command / SQL Server Management Studio	
4	Database Security: Configure user roles and permissions.	
	Tools: Oracle DB, MongoDB Compass	
5	Performance Monitoring: Utilize a database monitoring tool.	
	Tools: SolarWinds Database Performance Monitor.	
6	Indexing Techniques: Optimize query performance using indexing.	

	Tools: SQL Server, PostgreSQL.
7	Replication Setup: Implement replication for high availability.
	Tools: MySQL Workbench, MongoDB.
8	Cluster Implementation: Demonstrate clustering for scalability.
0	Tools: MariaDB Galera Cluster.
9	Troubleshooting Logs: Monitor and analyze database logs.
7	Tools: Kibana, Elasticsearch.
10	Data Migration: Perform a migration task between databases.
10	Tools: Data Loader, Oracle SQL Developer.
11	Cloud Database Deployment: Deploy a database on AWS or Azure.
11	Tools: AWS RDS, Azure SQL Database.
12	Introduction to Big Data: Create a basic setup for handling big data.
12	Tools: Hadoop, Spark.
13	Distributed Database Demo: Design a distributed database for scalability.
13	Tools: Apache Cassandra, CockroachDB.
14	Blockchain Database: Expl <mark>ore blockchain a</mark> rchitecture in databases.
17	Tools: Hyperledger Fabric.
15	Case Study Analysis: Solve a real-world database administration scenario.
13	Tools: Case study materials, DBMS tools.
16	Future Trends Project: Design a theoretical database model for upcoming trends.
10	Tools: Visualization software (Lucidchart, Visio).



शि आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।। Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya,



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

## (Autonomous)

# **Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science**

**Course Type: DSC-XII** 

**Course Title: Indian Mathematics and Machine Learning** 

**Course Code:** 

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO1. To understand: Analyze foundational concepts and contributions of Indian Mathematics and Machine Learning.
- LO2. To implement mathematical principles in solving machine learning problems.
- LO3. To assess the integration of Indian mathematical techniques into modern machine learning models.
- LO4. To develop innovative machine learning algorithms inspired by Indian Mathematics.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. Gain in-depth knowledge of Indian Mathematics and its relevance in modern computational techniques.
- CO2. Develop the ability to apply mathematical foundations to design and optimize machine learning models.
- CO3. Explore innovative methodologies by combining traditional Indian Mathematics with cutting-edge machine learning tools.
- CO4. Evaluate and analyze real-world applications and future trends of AI in the Indian context.

Unit	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.
No.		
I	Indian Mathematics - Foundations and Contributions	10
	Vedic Mathematics: Speed Mathematics Techniques, Contributions of	
	Aryabhata, Brahmagupta, and Bhaskara II, Concepts of Zero and Infinity in	
	Indian Mathematics, Ancient Algebra and Geometry: Sulba Sutras and their	
	Applications, Algorithmic Thinking in Indian Mathematics: Historical	
	Perspectives	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Explain the historical significance and mathematical concepts	
	contributed by Indian scholars.	
	UO2. Demonstrate algorithmic thinking inspired by ancient Indian	
	Mathematics.	

II	Introduction to Machine Learning	14
	Basics of Machine Learning: Supervised, Unsupervised, and Reinforcement	
	Learning, Mathematical Foundations: Linear Algebra, Probability, and	ı
	Calculus, Dataset Preparation: Preprocessing and Feature Engineering,	
	Regression Analysis: Linear and Polynomial Regression, Classification	
	Techniques: Decision Trees, k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN)	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Understand the core concepts and mathematical foundations of	
	machine learning.	
	UO2. Apply regression and classification techniques on sample datasets	
III	Advanced Machine Learning Techniques	8
	Artificial Neural Networks: Concepts and Applications, Support Vector Machines	
	(SVMs) and Kernel Methods, Ensemble Methods: Random Forests, Bagging, and	
	Boosting, Optimization Techniques in Machine Learning: Gradient Descent,	
	Handling Large Datasets: Scalability and Big Data Integration	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Implement advanced machine learning techniques like neural	
	networks and ensemble methods.	
	UO2. Analyze optimization methods for improving machine learning	
	performance.	
IV	Integration of Indian Mathematics in Machine Learning	13
	Indian Mathematical Concepts in Machine Learning Algorithms, Efficient	
	Computation Using Vedic Mathematics, Case Studies: Real-world	
	Applications of Indian Mathematics, Emerging Trends: AI and Machine	
	Learning in the Indian Context, Future Directions: Ethical and Cultural	
	Implications of AI	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Explore the integration of Indian mathematical techniques in modern	
	AI algorithms.	
	UO2. Analyze case studies and emerging trends influenced by Indian	
	Mathematics in machine learning.	

## **Learning Resources:**

- 1. The Great Indian Mathematicians: 15 Pioneers Who Put Indian Mathematics on the World Map by Gaurav Tekriwal.
- 2. Mathematics in India by Kim Plofker
- 3. Vedic Mathematics Made Easy by Dhaval Bathia.
- 4. Indian Mathematics: Engaging with the World from Ancient to Modern Times by George Gheverghese Joseph.
- 5. Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow by Aurélien Géron
- 6. Introduction to Machine Learning with Python by Andreas C. Müller and Sarah Guido
- 7. Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective by Kevin P. Murphy
- 8. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach by Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig.



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

## (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: Laboratory Course-VIII** 

Course Title: Lab Course-VIII

**Course Code:** 

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO1. To understand: Analyze foundational concepts and contributions of Indian Mathematics and Machine Learning.
- LO2. To implement mathematical principles in solving machine learning problems.
- LO3. To assess the integration of Indian mathematical techniques into modern machine learning models.
- LO4. To develop innovative machine learning algorithms inspired by Indian Mathematics.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. Gain in-depth knowledge of Indian Mathematics and its relevance in modern computational techniques.
- CO2. Develop the ability to apply mathematical foundations to design and optimize machine learning models.
- CO3. Explore innovative methodologies by combining traditional Indian Mathematics with cutting-edge machine learning tools.
- CO4. Evaluate and analyze real-world applications and future trends of AI in the Indian context.

Practical	Contents
No.	
1	Vedic Mathematics: Demonstrate mental calculations using Vedic methods.
1	Tools Required: None (manual practice or basic calculators)
2	Exploring Sulba Sutras: Construct geometric shapes described in Sulba Sutras.
2	Tools: Ruler, compass, and graph paper.
	Zero and Infinity in Coding: Implement algorithms involving large numbers or
3	zero-based logic.
	Tools: Python.
4	Dataset Preprocessing: Normalize and clean data for a regression model.
4	Tools: Python, Pandas.
5	Linear Regression: Build a predictive model using linear regression.
5	Tools: Jupyter Notebook, Scikit-learn.
6	Classification with k-NN: Apply k-NN classification on a sample dataset.
6	Tools: Python, Scikit-learn.

Artificial Neural Network: Design and train a simple neural network. Tools: TensorFlow, Keras.  Gradient Descent Optimization: Demonstrate gradient descent algorithm	
Tools: TensorFlow, Keras.  Gradient Descent Optimization: Demonstrate gradient descent algorithm	
1 8 1	
	n visually.
Tools: Matplotlib, Numpy.	
Random Forest Implementation: Build an ensemble model for classification and the state of the st	ation.
Tools: Matplotlib, Numpy.	
Support Vector Machine: Apply SVM on a multi-class dataset.	
Tools: Python, Scikit-learn.	
Big Data Handling: Process a large dataset for a machine learning algor	rithm.
Tools: Apache Spark.	
Integration of Vedic Mathematics: Develop efficient algorithms inspired	d by Vedic
12 methods.	
Tools: Python	
Case Study Analysis: Analyze AI applications influenced by Indian ma	thematics
Tools: Research articles and datasets.	
Algorithm Optimization: Optimize existing machine learning algorithm	nms using
Sulba Sutra concepts.	
Tools: Python.	
Cultural AI Models: Build an AI model with cultural datasets for predic	ctions.
Tools: Scikit-learn, Numpy.	
Ethics in AI: Perform a qualitative analysis of ethical implications in A	I.
Tools: Research papers and documentation.	



ि आरोह तक्सो ज्यातिः।। Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

## (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: DSE-XII** 

**Course Title: Pattern Recognition** 

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

## **Learning Objectives:**

- LO1. To grasp the foundational concepts of pattern recognition systems and methods.
- LO2. To implement various statistical and machine learning techniques for pattern analysis.
- LO3. To evaluate pattern recognition models and metrics across diverse applications.
- LO4. To develop pattern recognition solutions for real-world problems using appropriate tools.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. Gain a comprehensive understanding of pattern recognition methodologies and their practical applications.
- CO2. Develop skills to apply statistical and structural approaches to solve real-world recognition tasks.
- CO3. Evaluate and compare the performance of various classification and clustering algorithms.
- CO4. Design and implement customized pattern recognition systems for specific use cases.

Unit	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.	
No.			
I	Introduction to Pattern Recognition	12	
	Definition and Applications of Pattern Recognition, Pattern Recognition		
	Systems and Processes, Supervised and Unsupervised Learning, Basic		
	Concepts: Features, Patterns, and Classifiers, Metrics for Pattern Similarity		
	and Dissimilarity		
	Unit Outcomes:		
	UO1. Explain the fundamental principles and applications of pattern		
	recognition.		
	UO2. Identify the basic components and design processes of a pattern		
	recognition system.		
	Latur (Autonomous)		

II	Statistical Pattern Recognition	09
	Bayes Decision Theory, Parametric and Non-Parametric Methods,	
	Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE) and Bayesian Estimation,	

	Dimensionality Reduction Techniques: PCA and LDA, Evaluation Metrics:	
	Precision, Recall, F1-Score	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Apply Bayesian decision theory and estimation techniques to classify	
	patterns.	
	UO2. Utilize dimensionality reduction methods to optimize pattern	
	recognition performance.	
III	Structural and Syntactic Pattern Recognition	12
111	Structural Representations: Strings, Trees, and Graphs, Grammar-based Methods:	12
	Formal Grammar and Parse Trees, Pattern Recognition Using Neural Networks,	
	Hidden Markov Models (HMMs), Applications in Handwriting and Speech	
	Recognition,	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Represent patterns structurally using strings, trees, and graphs	
	UO2. Demonstrate the use of grammar-based methods and Hidden Markov	
	Models in pattern recognition.	
IV	Machine Learning for Pattern Recognition	12
	Feature Extraction and Selection Methods, Classification Algorithms: k-	
	NN, SVM, and Decision Trees, Clustering Algorithms: k-Means,	
	Hierarchical Clustering, Ensemble Learning: Bagging, Boosting, and	
	Random Forests, Case Studies: Applications in Image Recognition and	
	Medical Diagnosis	
	Unit Outcomes:	
	UO1. Implement machine learning algorithms for feature extraction and	
	classification.	
	UO2. Design clustering models and analyze real-world case studies in	
	pattern recognition.	
	pattern recognition.	

# **Learning Resources:**

- 1. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning by Christopher Bishop.
- 2. Pattern Classification by Richard O. Duda, Peter E. Hart, and David G. Stork
- 3. Introduction to Statistical Pattern Recognition by Keinosuke Fukunaga
- 4. Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition by Christopher M. Bishop.





# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

## (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: Laboratory Course-VIII** 

Course Title: Lab Course-VIII

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

### **Learning Objectives:**

- LO1. To grasp the foundational concepts of pattern recognition systems and methods.
- LO2. To implement various statistical and machine learning techniques for pattern analysis.
- LO3. To evaluate pattern recognition models and metrics across diverse applications.
- LO4. To develop pattern recognition solutions for real-world problems using appropriate tools.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. Gain a comprehensive understanding of pattern recognition methodologies and their practical applications.
- CO2. Develop skills to apply statistical and structural approaches to solve real-world recognition tasks.
- CO3. Evaluate and compare the performance of various classification and clustering algorithms.
- CO4. Design and implement customized pattern recognition systems for specific use cases.

Practical No.	Contents
1	Pattern Similarity Metrics: Calculate Euclidean and Manhattan distances.
1	Tools: Python (NumPy).
2	Feature Extraction: Extract features from an image dataset.
2	Tools: OpenCV, Python.
3	Classifier Implementation: Implement k-NN for a given dataset.
3	Tools: Python (Scikit-learn)
4	Bayesian Classification: Design a Bayes classifier for binary classification.
4	Tools: Python.
5	Dimensionality Reduction: Apply PCA and visualize components
3	Tools: Python (Scikit-learn, Matplotlib).
	Evaluation Metrics: Compute accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-Score for a
6	classifier.
	Tools: Python.
7	Structural Representation: Represent patterns using graphs and parse trees
/	Tools: NetworkX (Python)

8	Parse Tree Construction: Develop a grammar for pattern parsing.
	Tools: Python (NLTK).
9	Hidden Markov Models: Train an HMM for simple sequence recognition
9	Tools: Python (hmmlearn library).
10	Handwriting Recognition: Use OCR techniques on a handwriting dataset.
10	Tools: OpenCV, Python.
11	k-Means Clustering: Cluster images using k-means.
11	Tools: Scikit-learn
12	Decision Tree Classification: Implement a decision tree on a dataset.
12	Tools: Python (Scikit-learn).
13	Support Vector Machine (SVM): Train an SVM for binary classification.
13	Tools: Python (Scikit-learn).
14	Ensemble Methods: Apply Random Forest for multiclass classification.
14	Tools: Python (Scikit-learn).
15	Speech Recognition: Build a basic speech recognition model.
13	Tools: Python (SpeechRecognition library).
	Real-World Application: Develop a pattern recognition system for medical
16	images.
	Tools: TensorFlow, Python.



।। आरोह तमसो ज्योतिः।।

Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur (Autonomous)



# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

# (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: DSE-XII** 

**Course Title: Cloud Computing** 

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 03 Max. Marks: 75 Lectures: 45 Hrs.

## **Learning Objectives:**

- LO1. To describe deployment models
- LO2. To explain virtualization in cloud computing.
- LO3. To understand security in cloud computing.
- LO4. To understand storage in cloud.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. Maintain cloud-based application.
- CO2. Implement virtualization in cloud computing
- CO3. Maintain storage system in cloud
- CO4. Maintain cloud services
- CO5. Implement security in cloud computing

Unit	Title of Unit & Contents	Hrs.	
No.			
I	Fundamentals of Cloud Computing and Virtualization	10	
	Cloud Computing, Essential characteristics of cloud computing		
	Cloud deployment model: Public cloud, Private cloud, Community cloud,		
	Hybrid cloud		
	Cloud service models: Iaas, Saas, Paas		
	Cloud economics and benefits, Architecture of cloud computing, Cloud		
	computing infrastructure, Cloud based integrated development environment		
	(IDE) to write, run and debug code with a browser		
	Introduction to Virtualization and Reference Model, Characteristics of		
	Virtualized Environment, Virtualization Types		
	Technology Example: VMWare, Microsoft Hyper- V, KVM, Xen		
	Advantages: Virtual Machine (VM), VM Migration, VM Consolidation, VM		
	Management		
	Disadvantages of Virtualization		
	Unit Outcomes:		
	UO1. Describe features of virtualization.		
	UO2. Explain characteristics of cloud computing.		
	UO3. Compare cloud deployment models	ļ	

Title of Unit & Contents	
Storage in Clouds and Cloud Monitoring	12
Storage System Architecture, Virtualize Data Centre (VDC) Architecture, VDC Environment, Server, Storage, Networking, Desktop and Application Virtualization Techniques and Benefits, Block and File Level Storage Virtualization, Virtual Provisioning and automated storage Tiering, Virtual Storage Area Network (VSAN) and Benefits Cloud File Systems: Google File System (GFS) and Hadoop Distributed File Systems (HDFS), Service Provider and Users, An Architecture of Federated Cloud Computing  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Write steps to design storage system for the given cloud setup.	
	8
Service Level Agreement (SLA) Management: Types of SLA, Life Cycle of SLA, Service catalog, Management, and Functional Interfaces of Services, Cloud Portal and its Functions, Cloud Service Life Cycle Phases: Planning, Creation, Operation, Termination, Cloud Resource Management: Ab-initio Resource Assignment, Periodic Resource Optimization Cloud Security Fundamentals, Cloud Risk, Risk Division: Polity and Organizational Risk, Technical and Legal Risk, Technologies for Data Security, Data Security Risk, Digital Identity and Access Management, Content Level Security, Content As-A-Cloud-Service Unit Outcomes: UO1. Compare different types of SLA based on the given criteria UO2. Describe the steps to use relevant technique for managing the given cloud resource UO3. Explain the security related risk in cloud computing UO4. Describe the features of Security-As-A-Cloud Service	
Trends and Future in Cloud Computing	15
Cloud Trends in Supporting Ubiquitous Computing, Enabling Technologies with the Internet of Things (RFID, Sensor Networks and ZigBee Technologies, GPS), Innovative Applications with the Internet of Things (Ex: Smart Buildings and Smart Power Grid), Future of Cloud-Based Smart Devices, Home-Based Cloud Computing, Energy Aware Cloud Computing. Cloud Platforms: AmazonEC2 and S3, Microsoft Azure, Cloudstack, Intercloud, Google App Engine, Open -Source Cloud Eucalyptus, Open Stack, Open Nebulla etc.  Unit Outcomes:  UO1. Select relevant cloud platform for the identified application with justification	
	Storage in Clouds and Cloud Monitoring  Storage System Architecture, Virtualize Data Centre (VDC) Architecture, VDC Environment, Server, Storage, Networking, Desktop and Application Virtualization Techniques and Benefits, Block and File Level Storage Virtualization, Virtual Provisioning and automated storage Tiering, Virtual Storage Area Network (VSAN) and Benefits Cloud File Systems: Google File System (GFS) and Hadoop Distributed File Systems (HDFS), Service Provider and Users, An Architecture of Federated Cloud Computing  Unit Outcomes: UO1. Write steps to design storage system for the given cloud setup. UO2. Compare GFS and HDFS based on the given criteria UO3. Describe the given component of federated cloud computing  Cloud Management and Security in Cloud Computing  Service Level Agreement (SLA) Management: Types of SLA, Life Cycle of SLA, Service catalog, Management, and Functional Interfaces of Services, Cloud Portal and its Functions, Cloud Service Life Cycle Phases: Planning, Creation, Operation, Termination, Cloud Resource Management: Ab-initio Resource Assignment, Periodic Resource Optimization Cloud Security Fundamentals, Cloud Risk, Risk Division: Polity and Organizational Risk, Technical and Legal Risk, Technologies for Data Security, Data Security, Risk, Digital Identity and Access Management, Content Level Security, Content As-A-Cloud-Service  Unit Outcomes: UO1. Compare different types of SLA based on the given criteria UO2. Describe the steps to use relevant technique for managing the given cloud resource UO3. Explain the security related risk in cloud computing Cloud Trends in Supporting Ubiquitous Computing, Enabling Technologies with the Internet of Things (RFID, Sensor Networks and ZigBee Technologies, GPS), Innovative Applications with the Internet of Things (Ex: Smart Buildings and Smart Power Grid), Future of Cloud-Based Smart Devices, Home-Based Cloud Computing, Energy Aware Cloud Computing. Cloud Platforms: AmazonEC2 and S3, Microsoft Azure, Cloudstack, Intercloud, Google App Engine,

### **Learning Resources:**

- 1. Cloud computing, Principals and Paradigms by Buyya Rajkumar, J. Broberg, A. Goscinski, A John Wilwy & Sons, Inc. Publication
- 2. Cloud Computing by Sharma Rishabh, Wiley publication
- 3. Mastering cloud by Buyya Rajkumar, McGraw Hill Publication
- 4. Computing by Vecchiola Christian, Selvi S Thamarai
- 5. Cloud Computing by Singh Shailendra, Oxford university Press

#### Websites:

- 6. https://www.pragimtech.com/blog/cloud/cloud-tutorial-for-beginners/#google\_vignette
- 7. https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/purchase-options/azure-account?icid=get-started
- 8. https://www.pragimtech.com/blog/azure/azure-tutorials-for-beginners/





# Rajarshi Shahu Mahavidyalaya, Latur

# (Autonomous)

# Faculty of Science and Technology Department of Computer Science

**Course Type: Laboratory Course-VIII** 

Course Title: Lab Course-VIII

Course Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Credits: 01 Max. Marks: 50 Lectures: 30 Hrs.

# **Learning Objectives:**

LO1. To understand configuration of cloud tool

LO2. To use different services of cloud.

#### **Outcomes:**

After completion of course the student will be able to-

CO1. Use different cloud tools

CO2. Use different services of cloud.

Practical No.	Contents
1	Use google doc to make spreadsheet and notes
2	Install/configure cloud using JustCloud
3	Use Cloud to demonstrate use of different language
4	Create/Delete virtual machine using VMware (private cloud)
5	Study of GoogleApp Engine
6	Implement storage service on cloud using OpenStack
7	Use OpenStack for file management
8	Monitor cloud using Nagios tool
9	Host simple application on Microsoft Azure/Google Cloud/Any platform
10	Use google doc to make spreadsheet and notes
11	Install/configure cloud using JustCloud

